

Weekly Commentary July 5, 2011

The Markets

επεκταθείτε και προσποιηθείτε

If that looks like Greek to you, that's because, well, it is. It's Greek for "extend and pretend" and that's what happened last week to Greece's debt problem.

Deeply in debt, Greece's parliament passed legislation filled with tax increases, spending cuts, and privatization plans "aimed at meeting European Union aid requirements and staving off default," according to the *Sydney Morning Herald* and Bloomberg. By passing the austerity plan, Greece is now in line to receive as much as \$124 billion in new financing to keep the country afloat.

With immediate default now off the table, investors breathed a sigh of relief and helped send the S&P 500 to its biggest weekly gain in two years, according to Bloomberg.

A positive manufacturing report from the Institute for Supply Management, a rebound in auto sales, and strong quarterly earnings from Nike also helped send the market soaring, according to CNBC.

It's rather amazing how sentiment in the financial markets can change so quickly. The market had fallen in seven of the previous eight weeks on various economic and political concerns, but then exploded like a supernova last week. One thing we can say about the financial markets is there's never a dull moment!

Data as of 7/1/11	1-Week	Y-T-D	1-Year	3-Year	5-Year	10-Year
Standard & Poor's 500 (Domestic Stocks)	5.6%	6.5%	31.0%	1.4%	0.9%	0.8%
DJ Global ex US (Foreign Stocks)	4.6	2.4	28.4	-1.4	1.5	5.5
10-year Treasury Note (Yield Only)	3.2	N/A	2.9	4.0	5.2	5.3
Gold (per ounce)	-2.1	5.2	20.2	16.5	18.9	18.6
DJ-UBS Commodity Index	0.9	-3.4	25.8	-12.6	-2.1	4.4
DJ Equity All REIT TR Index	4.7	11.9	35.8	5.8	2.7	10.9

Notes: S&P 500, DJ Global ex US, Gold, DJ-UBS Commodity Index returns exclude reinvested dividends (gold does not pay a dividend) and the three-, five-, and 10-year returns are annualized; the DJ Equity All REIT TR Index does include reinvested dividends and the three-, five-, and 10-year returns are annualized; and the 10-year Treasury Note is simply the yield at the close of the day on each of the historical time periods.

Sources: Yahoo! Finance, Barron's, djindexes.com, London Bullion Market Association.

Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Indices are unmanaged and cannot be invested into directly. N/A means not applicable or not available.

WHAT TO WATCH IN THE SECOND HALF OF THE YEAR

With the first half of 2011 now history, here are a few things that made the headlines and may affect the markets over the second half of the year, according to *The Wall Street Journal*:

- The Dow Jones Industrial Average had a volatile six months, but managed to end June on a high note and finish the first half of the year up 7.2%.
What to Watch: The end of quantitative easing, ongoing European sovereign-debt issues, and the U.S. budget battle could keep investors on edge over the summer. In addition, any signs that the current “soft patch” in the economy could turn into a new recession would not be received well by investors.
- Various commodities took a price hit the past couple months including crude oil, wheat, corn, copper, and silver. Yet, by historical standards, many commodity prices are still very high and causing discomfort to consumers around the world.
What to Watch: China, India, and Brazil are a major source of commodity demand and they are trying to rein in price inflation by slowing their economy. How successfully they manage this may determine the future demand for commodities and, by extension, impact inflationary pressure.
- The initial public offering of internet stars LinkedIn and Pandora stirred talk of a new internet bubble. LinkedIn, for example, doubled in price on its opening day.
What to Watch: While we’re not close to the hysteria from late 1999, any signs of a bubble bear watching because when they burst, it’s usually painful for the markets.
- Interest rates on U.S. government securities dropped significantly in the past few weeks as concern about a slowing U.S. economy and debt troubles in Europe caused investors to flee to the perceived safety of U.S. treasuries. However, interest rates turned up at the end of the second quarter as the Greek situation eased and some data on the U.S. economy improved.
What to Watch: Any significant change in the level of interest rates – either up or down – could move the stock market. With macro issues such as the end of quantitative easing, an uneven U.S. recovery, European debt woes, and the Washington budget battle still swirling around, interest rates could be volatile and we’ll continue monitoring them.

With macro events continuing to dominate the headlines, investors seem to be alternately optimistic and despondent about the markets depending on which way the macro winds blow. This topsy-turvy market makes it psychologically difficult for investors but, we’re doing our best to maintain an even keel on your behalf.

Weekly Focus – Happy Independence Day!

So let freedom ring from the prodigious hilltops of New Hampshire.
 Let freedom ring from the mighty mountains of New York.
 Let freedom ring from the heightening Alleghenies of Pennsylvania!
 Let freedom ring from the snowcapped Rockies of Colorado!
 Let freedom ring from the curvaceous peaks of California!
 But not only that; let freedom ring from Stone Mountain of Georgia!
 Let freedom ring from Lookout Mountain of Tennessee!
 Let freedom ring from every hill and every molehill of Mississippi.
 From every mountainside, let freedom ring.

– *Martin Luther King, Jr.*

- * The Standard & Poor's 500 (S&P 500) is an unmanaged group of securities considered to be representative of the stock market in general.
- * The DJ Global ex US is an unmanaged group of non-U.S. securities designed to reflect the performance of the global equity securities that have readily available prices.
- * Gold represents the London afternoon gold price fix as reported by the London Bullion Market Association.
- * The DJ Commodity Index is designed to be a highly liquid and diversified benchmark for the commodity futures market. The Index is composed of futures contracts on 19 physical commodities and was launched on July 14, 1998.
- * The 10-year Treasury Note represents debt owed by the United States Treasury to the public. Since the U.S. Government is seen as a risk-free borrower, investors use the 10-year Treasury Note as a benchmark for the long-term bond market.
- * The DJ Equity All REIT TR Index measures the total return performance of the equity subcategory of the Real Estate Investment Trust (REIT) industry as calculated by Dow Jones.
- * The Dow Jones Industrial Average is a price-weighted index of 30 actively traded blue-chip stocks.
- * The NASDAQ Composite Index is an unmanaged, market-weighted index of all over-the-counter common stocks traded on the National Association of Securities Dealers Automated Quotation System.
- * Yahoo! Finance is the source for any reference to the performance of an index between two specific periods.
- * Opinions expressed are subject to change without notice and are not intended as investment advice or to predict future performance.
- * Consult your financial professional before making any investment decision.
- * You cannot invest directly in an index.
- * Past performance does not guarantee future results.

This Weekly Market Commentary has been provided by Peak for exclusive use by Louis W. Leskosky and John Naphor, registered representative **INVEST Financial Corporation**, member FINRA, SIPC. Information provided herein is presented for general information only and has been obtained from sources considered to be reliable, however is not guaranteed to be accurate or complete and is not meant as a solicitation for any product or security. Any expression of opinion does not necessarily reflect the opinion

of Cornerstone Wealth Management, LLC, or INVEST Financial Corporation. INVEST Financial Corporation, its affiliates, officers, directors or branch offices may in the normal course of business have a position in any securities mentioned in this report.